

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Seventh Generation Body Wash Lavender & Cedarwood

Section 1. Identification

Product name : Seventh Generation Body Wash Lavender & Cedarwood

Product description : Body Cleansing Product

Internal product code : M_68120224

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
Consumer uses		
Supplier's details	:	Seventh Generation
		60 Lake Street
		Burlington VT 05401
		USA
Emergency telephone number	:	Consumer Information: 800-211-4279 Monday-Friday (8:00AM-
(with hours of operation)		5:00PM EST)
` '		Emergency - Medical: 800-745-9269 (24 hours)
		Emergency - Transport: 800-424-9300 or 703-527-3887 (24 hours,

Consumer Information:

For information regarding the use of this product by a consumer, please refer directly to the product label. This industrial MSDS is provided for workplace employees, per US OSHA regulations. It contains recommendations for handling of this product in an occupational, or workplace, setting.

Any first aid or warnings that are applicable to consumer use are stated directly on the product label, in accordance with all applicable government regulations.

CHEMTREC)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms

(

Signal word

: Warning

Hazard statements

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements

General : Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have

product container or label at hand. Read label before use.

Prevention : Not applicable.

Response : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Not available.

Storage:Not applicable.Disposal:Not applicable.Supplemental label elements:None known.Hazards not otherwise classified:None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Cocamidopropyl Betaine	0 - 3	61789-40-0
Lauryl Glucoside	0 - 3	27836-64-2
Sodium Lauryl Glucose Carboxylate	0 - 3	383178-66-3
Lauric Acid	0 - 5	143-07-7

Decyl Glucoside	0 - 5	68515-73-1
Glycerin	0 - 3	56-81-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

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escription of necessary firs	st aid measures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
Inhalation	e: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not

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enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : May cause skin irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

NFPA 30B Classification

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

None known.Not available.

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for firefighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. But on appropriate personal protective equipment.

inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note

of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.

See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil

or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute

with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an

appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste

disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach

release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage

with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth,

vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1

for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste

disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Estore in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Glycerin	OSHA PEL 1989 1989-03-01 TWA	
	10 mg/m3	
	Form:Total dust	
	TWA	
	5 mg/m3	
	Form:Respirable fraction	
	OSHA PEL 1993-06-30 TWA	
	15 mg/m3	
	Form:Total dust	
	TWA	
	5 mg/m3	
	Form:Respirable fraction	
	NIOSH REL 1994-06-01	
	Form:Mist	
	ACGIH TLV 1994-09-01 TWA	
	10 mg/m3	
	Form:Mist	
	ACGIH TLV 2013-06-14	

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		Form:Mist
Appropriate engineering controls : Environmental exposure controls :		If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
<u>Individual protection measures</u>		
Hygiene measures :	•	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	•	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection		
Hand protection :		Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. For prolonged or repeated handling, use Latex gloves.
Body protection :	•	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection :		Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this
Respiratory protection :	:	product. Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must

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be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : liquid Color : white

Odor : Characteristic.
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 6 [Conc. (% w/w): 1,000 g/l]

Melting point: Not applicableBoiling point: Not available.Flash point: Non-flammable.Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available.

Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.SolubilityNot available.Solubility in waterNot available.Partition coefficient: n-Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: 130,000 mPa.s Kinematic: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions

will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.
Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

products decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Very low toxicity to humans or animals.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Non-irritant to skin.

Eyes: Causes serious eye irritation.,Under the application of the Global

Harmonised System (GHS) available data have been used to assess

the hazardous properties of this mixture.

Respiratory : Non-irritating to the respiratory system.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Not sensitizingRespiratory: Not sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not classified or listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA, EU and ACGIH.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes

of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : May cause skin irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available. **Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Very low toxicity to humans or animals.

GeneralNo known significant effects or critical hazards.CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.TeratogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	>5000 milligram per kilogram

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

RCRA classification: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

<u>United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List:</u> Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

FOR SHIPMENT IN CONSUMER PACKAGING	GROUND	WATER	AIR
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
HAZARD CLASS:	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
UN/ID #:	None	None	None
PACKING GROUP:	None	None	None
REQUIRED MARKINGS and/or LABELS:	None	None	None
MARKINGS and/or LABEL TYPES:	None	None	None
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated

Special precautions for user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.'

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: The

following components are listed: Lauric Acid

United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not Listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed

United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules:

Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:

Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR):

Not determined

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report

(PAIR): Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):

Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 -

Priority pollutants: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not

listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

Not listed

Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class : Not listed

II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor

Chemicals)

Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential

Not listed

Chemicals)

SARA 302/304 : Not applicable.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Cocamidopropyl Betaine	0 - 3	AH
Lauryl Glucoside	0 - 3	АН
Lauric Acid	0 - 5	АН
Decyl Glucoside	0 - 5	AH

SARA 313

None of the components are listed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed:

Glycerin

New York : None of the components are listed.
New Jersey : The following components are listed:

Glycerin

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed:

Glycerin

US California 22CCR Appendix X Substances

Not listed.

California Prop. 65 : Not available.

United States inventory (TSCA

8b)

Not determined.

Canada inventory : Not determined.

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Korea inventory: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule I Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule III Chemicals

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Section 16. Other information

This product is packaged for retail sale and intended for consumer use. The U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) does not apply to "consumer products" as defined by the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Act and Federal Hazardous Substances Act, including consumer products used in the workplace under typical duration and frequency of exposure as experienced by consumers when used for the indended purpose. This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is provided as a courtesy to assist with proper use and safe handling. Applicable consumer product use and safety information is provided on the product label and is included for easy reference in Section 16 of this SDS. This SDS is designed to cover both U.S. and Canada. Differences between U.S. and Canadian requirements are noted where applicable.

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

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USA

Key to abbreviations

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental & Industrial Hygienists

AH = Acute Hazard

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

CAA = Clean Air Act

CARB = California Air Resources Board CCR = California Code of Regulations

CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation &

Liability Act

CFR = Code of Federal Regulations

CH = Chronic Hazard

CWA = Clean Water Act

DEA = Drug Enforcement Administration DOT = Department of Transportation

EC = European Commission

EPCRA = Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act

EST = Eastern Standard Time

F = Fire

HAPS = Hazardous Air Pollutants

HCS = Hazard Communication Standard

HMIS = Hazardous Materials Information System

HVOC = High Volatile Organic Compound

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IARC = International Agency for the Research of Cancer

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

ICAO = International Civil Aviation Organization

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IMO = International Maritime Organization

ITC = Interagency Testing Committee (TSCA)

KOC = Organic Carbon/Water Partition Constant

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

LVOC = Low Volatile Organic Compound

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

MPPCF = Million Particles Per Cubic Foot

N/A = Not Applicable

NFPA = National Fire Protection Association

NOEC = No Observable Effect Concentration

NTP = National Toxicology Program

OSHA = Occupation Safety & Health Administration

PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA = Resource Conservation & Recovery Act

RQ = Reportable Quantity

RTK = Right-To-Know

SARA = Superfund Amendments & Reauthorization Act

STEL = Short-Term Exposure Limit

TBD = To Be Determined

TCC = Tagliabue Closed Cup

TCLP = Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure

TDG = Transport of Dangerous Goods

TLV = Threshold Limit Value

TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA = Time Weighted Average

UN = United Nations

References

: Classification based on Regulation (UN) GHS (Rev. 1) (2005) bridging principles

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.